



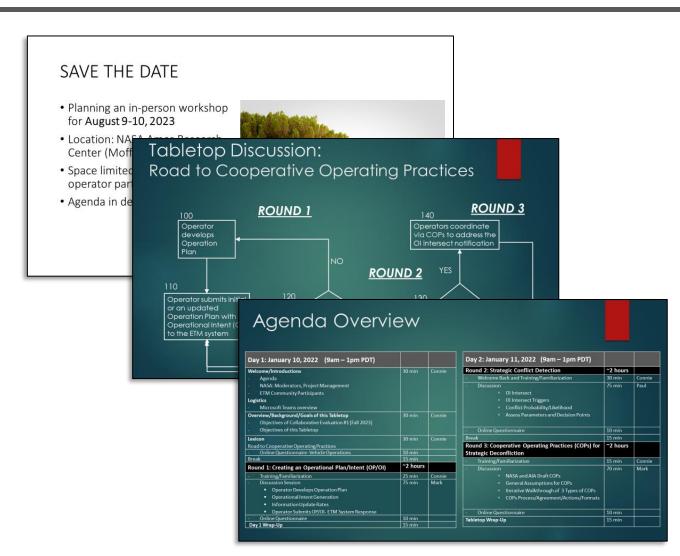
ETM: Upper Class E Traffic Management

November 17, 2023

Recap

Last Full Meeting: May 2023

- News and Updates
 - NEBP update
 - AIA update
- Cross-Domain Perspectives on COPs
- NASA-Hosted Tabletop Summary
- Collaborative Evaluation Update
- Summer ETM Workshop Announcement



Agenda

- News and updates
 - HAPS Alliance Meeting
 - Industry news
 - NASA Science Mission Directorate
- ETM Workshop Summary
- International Trust Framework
- NASA evaluation update
- Looking ahead

News & Updates







News & Updates



NASA Science Mission Directorate (SMD)

Airborne Science Program



2023 ETM Workshop Summary

UPPER CLASS E
TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT



ETM Workshop

August 9-10, 2023

Location: NASA Ames Research Center





Day 1: Agenda

Objective: Present the research and analysis associated with technologies and ETM concepts to date

Time (PST)	Торіс	Presenter
9:00 - 9:30	Welcome, Introductions, & Agenda Overview	NASA/AII
9:30 – 10:00	ETM: Project History and Overview	NASA/FAA
10:00 – 10:20	Cooperative Areas Overview	FAA
10:20 – 10:30	Break	
10:30 – 11:15	Status of Technology and Testing Industry Update	Industry
11:15 – 12:00	Status of Technology and Testing FAA Analyses Aircraft ID Flight Plan Filing	FAA
12:00 – 1:00	Lunch	
1:00 – 2:00	Status of Technology and Testing Architecture View NASA (CE1) NASA Negotiation Model	NASA
2:00 – 2:15	Day 2 Overview – Cooperative Operating Practices (COPs) Development	FAA/NASA
2:15 – 4:00	Lab Demonstration	NASA
	Happy Hour at the Space Bar	



Day 2: Agenda

Objective: Continue Cooperative Operating Practices (COPs) development for ETM

Time (PST)	Торіс	Presenter
9:00 – 9:15	Welcome & Regroup	All
9:15 – 10:15	Outcomes of NASA & FAA COPs Development Working Sessions	FAA/NASA
10:15 – 10:30	Break	
10:30 – 11:30	COP Breakout Session #1 Cooperative Areas Management & Transfer of Services	Industry
11:30 – 12:15	COP Breakout Session #1 Debrief	Industry
12:15 – 1:15	Lunch	
1:15 – 2:15	COP Breakout Session #2 Technical Capabilities to Support ETM	Industry
2:15 – 3:00	COP Breakout Session #2 Debrief	Industry
3:00 – 3:10	Break	
3:10 – 3:30	Next Steps & Closing Remarks	All



Lexicon

Definitions

Cooperative Areas (CAs): FAA-designated volumes of airspace within which operators manage their operations in accordance with Industry-developed, FAA-approved COPs Cooperative Operating Practices (COPs): Industry-defined, FAA-approved practices addressing how airspace users manage operations in cooperative areas are operatordefined, FAA-approved practices that define how airspace users will conduct their operations in concert with all stakeholders.

Cooperative Operating Environment (COE): Environment where separation is maintained using cooperative traffic management practices; operations inside CAs are in the COE.
*Formerly termed Cooperative Control Environment, CCE



Cooperative Areas



NOTE: This report is meant to provide a high-level summary of discussions occurring during the two-day ETM workshop. None of the content is intended to endorse certain positions or dictate policy.



CA Takeaways

- Terms and conditions for establishing and changing CAs are established by FAA and Industry – FAA approves the release and/or redefinition of airspace when conditions are met
- Operators do not receive Air Traffic Services (ATS) while operating in CAs
- Operators continually share revised flight intent with each other and strategically deconflict
- Operators either self-provision or utilize third party services to support their operations



CA Management Breakout

- CAs may require a community-based compliance mechanism or protocols or reporting of non-compliance to the FAA
- During transfer from ATC, operators must check into the COE so people know they are there
- There is ongoing work at the ICAO level to enable use of COPs in high altitude airspace



Transfer of Services Breakout

- There should not be predetermined entry/exit points within a CA: introduces unnecessary risk
- Transfer of service model should model current NAS processes and procedures where possible
- Operators must be able to share position information, particularly at a transition point, for other operators to maintain situational awareness



Technical Needs in ETM Breakout

- There can be discrepancy in altitudes when two operators are transitioning through the same altitude due to different use of barometric vs. geometric altitude
- ATC generally want to keep a consistent altitude reference in MSL
- Operations within a CA should use the same altitude reference
- Altitude reference often transitions at a particular altitude. This transition point needs to be considered for CAs that potentially extend down to this altitude



Comms, Nav, & Surveillance Breakout

- There should be a standard means of communication between operators in COE
- Interactions between operators should be enabled through digital comms. Solution must meet defined performance requirements
- Vehicle-to-Vehicle communications solutions need to be determined
- Ground-to-ground communication between ATC and operators is critical for many ETM participants. Where possible, existing solutions should be considered to avoid developing an entirely new architecture



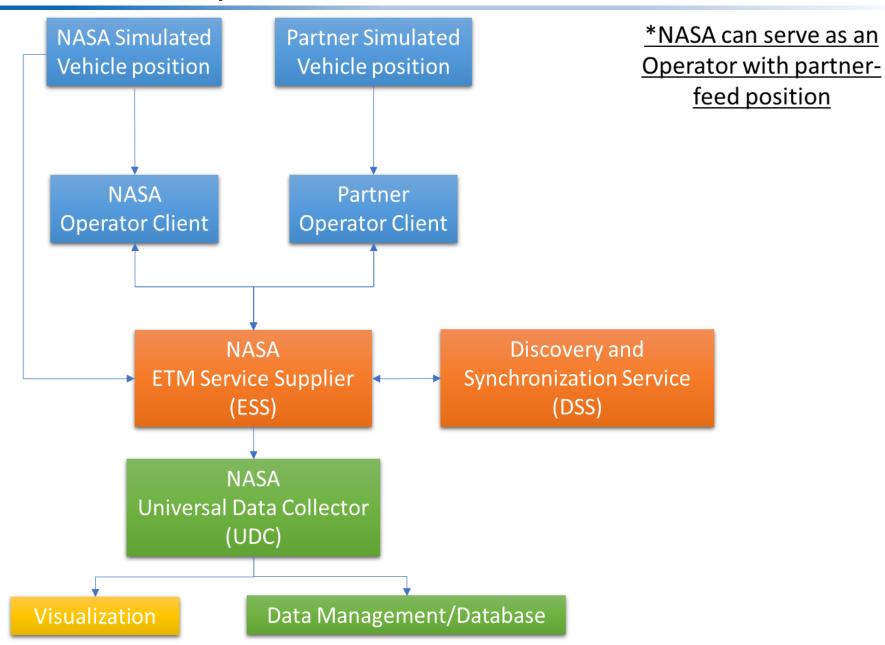
International Trust Framework

Léonard Bouygues

Collaborative Evaluation Update



ETM System Architecture



Operator/Position

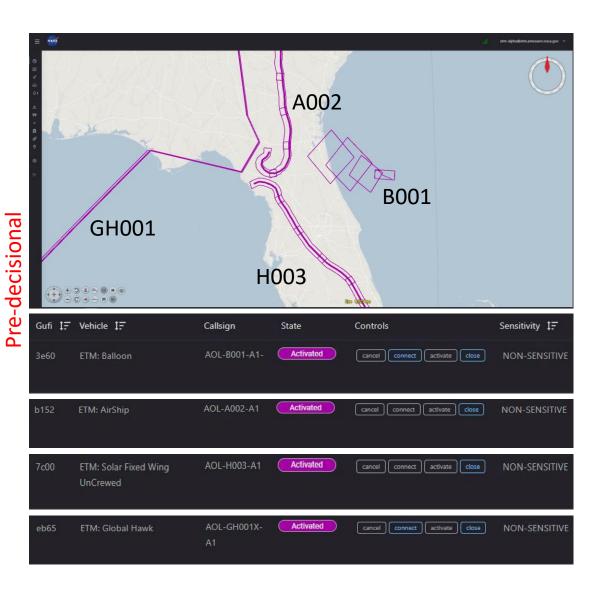
Airspace System

Data Management

Visualization



CE-1 Update



ETM vehicles simulated

- High Altitude Balloon
- 2. HALE Airship
- 3. Solar Powered Fixed Wing Uncrewed
- 4. Global Hawk
- 4 distinct operators submitted Operation Plans (OI volumes and waypoint plan) using the xTM Client to ESS.
- Operation state transitions registered on the connected ETM platforms.
- Test accomplished demonstration on nominal operation with non-conflicting Operation Plans.
- Upcoming tests (late November): Ol intersect and Conflict Probability

Wrap up

Questions?

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